

2/5 Algebra 1 - Downing

Warm-up - Find two numbers that multiply to x and add to y .

Ex) $x = 10, y = 7$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 10 & \\ \hline 1 & 10 \\ 2 & 5 \end{array} \Rightarrow (2 \text{ and } 5)$$

$x = 10, y = 11$
(1 and 10)

$x = 10, y = -7$
(-2 and -5)

$x = -10, y = -3$
(2 and -5)

$x = -10, y = 9$
(10 and -1)

Ex) $x = 12, y = -7$
 $\begin{array}{r|l} 12 & \\ \hline 1 & 12 \\ 2 & 6 \\ -3 & -4 \end{array}$ (-3 and -4)

Ex) $x = -32, y = -14$
 $\begin{array}{r|l} 32 & \\ \hline 1 & 32 \\ 2 & 16 \\ 4 & 8 \end{array}$ (2 and -16)

Ex) $x = -48, y = 2$
 $\begin{array}{r|l} 48 & \\ \hline 1 & 48 \\ 2 & 24 \\ 3 & 16 \\ 4 & 12 \\ -6 & 8 \end{array}$ (-6 and 8)

Unit 6 - Lesson 4 - GCF (Greatest Common Factor)

Largest monomial that can divide evenly into all terms.

Find the GCF

Ex) $18x^5y^2$ and $24xy^6$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 18 & \\ \hline 1 & 18 \\ 2 & 9 \\ 3 & 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 24 & \\ \hline 1 & 24 \\ 2 & 12 \\ 3 & 8 \\ 4 & 6 \end{array}$$

$x^5y^2 = \cancel{x} \cancel{x} \cancel{x} \cancel{x} \cancel{x} y y$
 $xy^6 = x \cancel{y} \cancel{y} \cancel{y} \cancel{y} \cancel{y} \cancel{y}$

GCF = $6xy^2$

Ex) $32x^3y^6$ and $16x^2y^3z^2$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 32 & \\ \hline 1 & 32 \\ 2 & 16 \\ 4 & 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 16 & \\ \hline 1 & 16 \\ 2 & 8 \\ 4 & 4 \end{array}$$

$x^3y^6 = \cancel{x} \cancel{x} \cancel{x} y y y y y y$
 $x^2y^3z^2 = \cancel{x} \cancel{x} y y y z z$

GCF = $16x^2y^3$

Ex) $24x^3y^5$ and $64x^7$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 24 & \\ \hline 1 & 24 \\ 2 & 12 \\ 3 & 8 \\ 4 & 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 64 & \\ \hline 1 & 64 \\ 2 & 32 \\ 4 & 16 \\ 8 & 8 \end{array}$$

GCF = $8x^3$

Ex) $15x^6y^{10}z^{12}$ and $60xy^{12}z^9$ GCF = $15xy^{10}z^9$

Ex) $56x^8y^9$ and $28xy^{10}$ GCF = $28xy^9$

Factoring Out the GCF

Steps

1. Find the GCF

2. Divide the GCF out of all terms

3. Put GCF outside of parenthesis - everything else in.

Example

$$12x^4y^3 + 8x^2y^6 \quad \text{GCF} = 4x^2y^3$$

$$\frac{12x^4y^3}{4x^2y^3} + \frac{8x^2y^6}{4x^2y^3} = 3x^2 + 2y^3$$

$$4x^2y^3(3x^2 + 2y^3)$$

$$\text{Ex)} \quad \frac{14x^3y^2 + 7xy}{7xy} = \boxed{\overset{\text{GCF}}{7xy}(2x^2y + 1)}$$

$$\text{Ex)} \quad \frac{14x^3y + 63x^2z}{7x^2} = \boxed{7x^2(2xy + 9z)}$$

$$\text{Ex)} \quad \frac{28x^5y^7 - 42x^3y^4}{14x^3y^4} = \boxed{14x^3y^4(2x^2y^3 - 3)}$$

HW - worksheet # 1-12 #19, 20