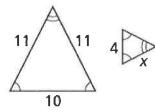
# 9.3 - Similar Right Triangles

Given that the triangles are similar, find the missing side length.





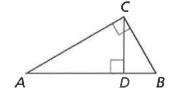


$$\frac{\times}{5} = \frac{5}{7}$$

$$\frac{X}{11} = \frac{4}{10}$$
 $10X = 44$ 
 $X = \frac{44}{10}$ 
 $10X = \frac{22}{10}$ 

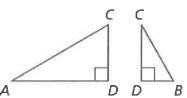
### **Theorem 9.6 Right Triangle Similarity Theorem**

If the altitude is drawn to the hypotenuse of a right triangle, then the two triangles formed are similar to the original triangle and to each other.



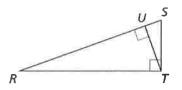
$$\triangle CBD \sim \triangle ABC$$
,  $\triangle ACD \sim \triangle ABC$ , and  $\triangle CBD \sim \triangle ACD$ .

Proof Ex. 45, p. 484

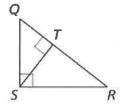


Identify the similar triangles in the diagram.

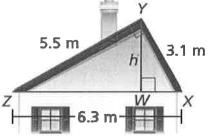




DOSR ~ DOTS ~ DSTR



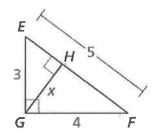
A roof has a cross section that is a right triangle. The diagram shows the approximate dimensions of this cross section. Find the height *h* of the roof.

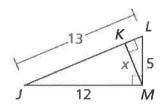


$$\frac{y_W}{y_Z} = \frac{y_X}{x_Z}$$

$$\frac{h}{5.5} = \frac{3.1}{6.3}$$

#### Find the value of x.





$$\frac{mJ}{mJ} = \frac{mL}{mL}$$

$$\frac{X}{12} = \frac{5}{13}$$

$$X = \frac{60}{13} \approx 4.62$$

# Geometric Sequences:

of Geometriz sequences increase or decrease by a common ration, meaning you need to multiply by a common factor to find the next term in the squence.



#### **Geometric Mean**

The **geometric mean** of two positive numbers a and b is the positive number x that satisfies  $\frac{a}{x} = \frac{x}{b}$ . So,  $x^2 = ab$  and  $x = \sqrt{ab}$ .

#### Find the geometric mean of the numbers:

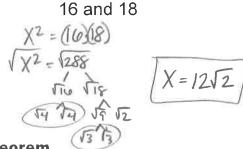
24 and 48.

$$\chi^{2} = 24(48)$$
 $\chi^{2} = \sqrt{1152}$ 
 $\chi = \sqrt{1152}$ 
 $\chi = \sqrt{148}$ 
 $\chi = \sqrt{148}$ 
 $\chi = \sqrt{148}$ 
 $\chi = \sqrt{148}$ 
 $\chi = \sqrt{148}$ 

12 and 27  

$$X^2 = (12)(27)$$
  
 $\sqrt{X^2} = \sqrt{324}$   
 $X = 18$ 

 $\chi^2 = (18)(54)$   $\chi^2 = (18)(54)$   $\chi^2 = (18)(54)$   $\chi^2 = (18)(54)$   $\chi^2 = (18)(54)$ 

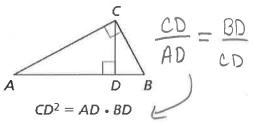


#### **Theorem 9.7 Geometric Mean (Altitude) Theorem**

In a right triangle, the altitude from the right angle to the hypotenuse divides the hypotenuse into two segments.

The length of the altitude is the geometric mean of the lengths of the two segments of the hypotenuse.

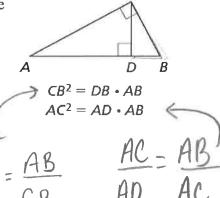
Proof Ex. 41, p. 484



#### **Theorem 9.8 Geometric Mean (Leg) Theorem**

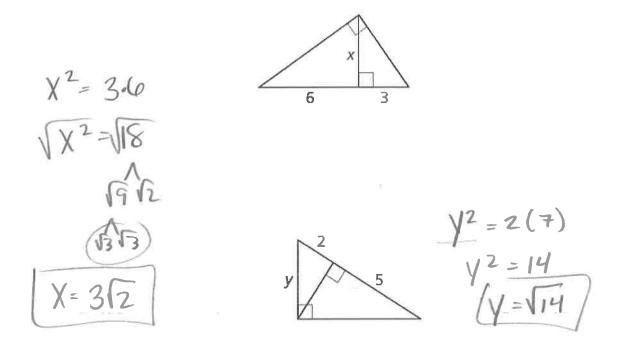
In a right triangle, the altitude from the right angle to the hypotenuse divides the hypotenuse into two segments.

The length of each leg of the right triangle is the geometric mean of the lengths of the hypotenuse and the segment of the hypotenuse that is adjacent to the leg.



Proof Ex. 42, p. 484

Find the value of each variable.



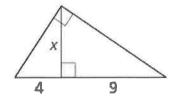
To find the cost of installing a rock wall in your school gymnasium, you need to find the height of the gym wall. You use a cardboard square to line up the top and bottom of the gym wall. Your friend measures the vertical distance from the ground to your eye and the horizontal distance from you to the gym wall. Approximate the height of the gym wall.

$$(8.5)^2 = 5W$$
  
72.25 = 5W  
14.45 = W

w ft

8.5 ft

Find the value of x in the triangle.



$$\begin{array}{c} X^2 = 34 \\ 1X = 6 \end{array}$$

Homework:

pg. 482 # 7-14, 19-26, 31 - 34